

Domestic Violence

Purpose

This policy outlines how Bridge Housing responds to incidents of domestic violence through our service delivery to our residents and applicants.

Scope

This policy applies to all staff, contractors, tenants and household members and applicants of Bridge Housing (we, our, us).

Policy Overview

Domestic violence and family violence is violent, abusive or intimidating behaviour by a partner, carer or family member to control, dominate or cause fear. It can take many forms including physical, psychological, emotional, sexual or financial abuse. Domestic violence is a gendered issue, with women and children disproportionately impacted as victim/survivors.

For the purposes of this policy, domestic violence is the term used throughout this document to describe both intimate partner violence and family violence. Domestic violence is most often violent, abusive or intimidating behaviour by a man against a woman in an intimate relationship.

This policy adopts a broad definition of family that includes people who are related to one another through blood, marriage or de facto partnerships, adoption and fostering relationships, sibling and extended family relationships. It includes the full range of kinship ties in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (ATSI) communities and lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex or queer (LGBTIQ) relationships.

We recognise that domestic violence has serious and harmful impact on tenants, applicants and their families. We are committed to reducing the impact of domestic violence through the provision of safe and affordable housing and housing assistance to applicants.

Domestic violence affects many women regardless of social background, disability, age, religion, sexuality or ethnicity. Living with domestic violence has a profound effect on survivors. It is particularly acute for children and young people and may constitute a form of child abuse.

Domestic violence is a whole of community issue and we aim to contribute to an effective service system response through our service delivery.

Policy

This policy operates from a principle of safety first. That is, in any decision, the safety of women and children affected by domestic violence is paramount. We will listen to women affected by domestic violence and include their feedback in service delivery decisions.

We will comply with all its responsibilities under the [Residential Tenancies Act 2010](#) and mandatory child and/or young person protection reporting requirements in relation to domestic violence.

A Trauma Informed Response

We are committed to providing a sensitive and confidential response to anyone approaching us for assistance in cases of domestic violence, regardless of gender, culture or sexuality.

We recognise that domestic violence can lead to significant trauma for survivors and aim to minimise the impact of this through our service delivery approaches.

We do so by:

- Establishing one point of contact for tenants and applicants to avoid the need to re-tell their story to multiple people, and
- Where possible, offering the opportunity to have a housing manager of the same sex.

We regard incidents of domestic violence very seriously. Tenants or household members that are concerned about their tenancy and/or seeking support, are encouraged to contact their Housing Manager for assistance.

The Housing Manager will advise about the housing options available to assist their safety and will encourage the tenant to access domestic violence support services. The Police may be called to report any incidents of crime and with consent, staff will make a referral directly to a specialist service.

We will take appropriate action that seeks to balance the needs of the survivor with the rights of the landlord to protect the property and the safety and wellbeing of other household members and neighbours.

For any applicants seeking housing assistance, the main point of contact should be the Pathways Housing Manager who assessed their application, or the Pathways Team Leader.

How We Can Assist

We recognise that our staff play a critical role in providing safe and secure housing and a gateway to specialist support that meets the needs of residents. In some instances, we may not be able to provide immediate relief to a tenant who is experiencing or experienced domestic violence through our housing response or our residents may only be seeking information and support at that time.

Residents can expect that we will:

- Explain the range of housing options available and implications for their tenancy
- Refer to specialist domestic violence support and information services and the NSW Police (where appropriate with consent)
- Report children at risk of harm to the NSW Department of Communities and Justice
- Conduct case coordination with specialist services and Police, where appropriate.

Evidence Requirements

In some circumstances, we may need tenants to provide evidence of domestic violence in line with the requirements of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*. Acceptable forms of evidence include a certificate of conviction for the domestic violence offence, family law injunction, provisional, interim or final Domestic Violence Order (DVO), family law injunction, or a declaration made by a competent person in the prescribed form.

Allowable Absence Due to Domestic Violence

We recognise that in some cases it will be necessary to ensure safety through an immediate short term move for a survivor. We will allow absences for up to 3 months from the property in these circumstances. This will allow time for the tenant to investigate their options without the need to make an immediate decision. If a fee is being charged for alternative accommodation during this period (for example a refuge, motel, or with family and friends) tenants can apply for their weekly rent to be reduced to \$5.00 per week. Details on the evidence required in these instances can be found in our [Absence from Property Policy](#).

Tenancy Re-Instatement

We recognise that a tenant may be forced to leave their home to ensure their own safety by escaping from domestic violence. In these instances, and in accordance with our policies, we will consider re-instating the person's tenancy at a later date, when the tenant relinquishes their tenancy. Details on the evidence required in these instances can be found in our [Ending a Tenancy Policy](#).

Transfers

Where there is no immediate danger to the person experiencing or reporting Domestic Violence or where the immediate danger has been averted by a temporary move, we may consider using the management transfer policy or the mutual exchange policy.

Details of acceptable documentary evidence required for such a transfer and conditions that apply are included in our [Management Transfer Policy](#).

Changes in the Tenancy Due to Domestic Violence

Removing a Household Member

Where the perpetrator is a household member and they are excluded from the home under a final Apprehended Violence Order (AVO), we will assist the tenant to remove them as an authorised occupant. This will require evidence in the form of the final AVO as well as a statutory declaration that the perpetrator has left the property.

Ending the tenancy

Where the perpetrator is the tenant, the tenancy can be terminated immediately, and the survivor will not be penalised for ending their tenancy.

In these instances, the tenant will be encouraged to relinquish their tenancy, with the possibility to reinstate it at a future date.

In this situation if the survivor is a remaining authorised household member and they are eligible for social housing, they may apply to succeed the tenancy.

When the perpetrator is not an occupant of the household

When the perpetrator is not an occupant of the household we will work with the tenant and where required refer them to specialist support and legal services to ensure their safety.

Safe at Home Measures

Where a decision is made between the tenant and their support provider that is it to remain living in the property, we may be able to assist with reasonable security upgrades at the property.

Security Upgrades Under the Staying Home Leaving Violence Program

[The Staying Home Leaving Violence \(SHLV\) Program](#) aims to prevent homelessness by working with NSW Police to remove the perpetrator from the family home so that the survivor(s) can remain safely where they are. Clients of SHLV are provided with a range of support for survivors such as safety planning, improving home security, assistance in managing finances, support for children and helping them throughout the complicated legal process.

We are committed to assisting tenants engaged in the program and living in our properties to stay in their homes wherever possible. We may be able to assist with installation of security upgrades at the property and will work with the tenant and support agencies determine the allocation of costs for upgrades.

Our Permission is required before any work is carried out on a property. Our [Alterations and Disability Modifications](#) outlines the process to apply for an alteration to a dwelling. We will assess applications for alterations to dwellings on a case by case basis. This assessment will take into consideration:

- Type of property
- Location of property
- Costs of upgrade in light of the overall maintenance and condition of the property
- Leasing arrangement (capital or leasehold)

- Recommendations arising from the safety planning and assessment from the support service.

If a tenant resides in a leasehold property, we will attempt to negotiate for the owner to undertake the works using funds available from the support provider. Where this is not possible, a management transfer may be required.

Property Damage

Survivors of domestic violence will not be responsible for property damage caused by a perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

Privacy

We understand and respect that information supplied by clients is private and confidential. We will only disclose this information with the client's permission or if required to by law. Please see our [Privacy Policy](#) for details.

Compliments, Complaints and Appeals

Tenants can appeal decisions made under this policy.

If a tenant is not satisfied with a service we have provided or does not agree with a decision we have made, they can ask for a formal review. Our [Compliments, Complaints and Appeals Policy](#) outlines the many ways for tenants to make an appeal. This policy, and a helpful information leaflet, is available from our office or they can be downloaded from our website www.bridgehousing.org.au.

If a tenant is unhappy with the outcome of an appeal, they can lodge a second level appeal with the Housing Appeals Committee. The Housing Appeals Committee is an independent agency that reviews certain decisions made by staff of Community Housing organisations and the Department of Communities and Justice. For information on the Housing Appeals Committee call 1800 629 794 or go to www.hac.nsw.gov.au.

Related Documents and Resources

Type	Title
Legislation	Residential Tenancies Act 2010
Legislation	Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998
Policy	Absence from Property Policy
Policy	Ending a Tenancy Policy
Policy	Management Transfer Policy
Policy	Modifications Policy
Policy	Privacy Policy
Policy	Compliments, Complaints and Appeals Policy
Resource	Staying Home Leaving Violence Program

English

If you need help to understand this letter please contact the Telephone Interpreters Service on 131450 and ask them to contact on 8324 0800 for you at no cost. You can also come to the Bridge Housing office and ask for assistance in your language.

Simplified Chinese

如果您理解这封信有困难, 请拨打电 话传译服务 131450 要求电话传译 服务替您拨打 Bridge Housing, 电话 8324 0800。这项服务是免费的。您也可以到 Bridge Housing 的办公室来。要求用您的语言来协助您。

Spanish

Si necesita ayuda para entender esta carta, por favor comuníquese con el Servicio Telefónico de Intérpretes al 131450 y solicite que lo contacten sin cargo con Bridge Housing al 8324 0800. También puede dirigirse a las oficinas de Bridge Housing y solicitar asistencia en su idioma.

Russian

Если для понимания содержания этого письма Вам необходима помощь, свяжитесь, пожалуйста, с Телефонной переводческой службой по номеру 131450 и попросите соединить Вас с Bridge Housing по номеру 8324 0800. За соединение платить не нужно. Кроме того, Вы можете лично посетить офис Bridge Housing и попросить об услугах переводчика.

Greek

Εάν χρειάζεστε βοήθεια για να κατανοήσετε την παρούσα επιστολή, παρακαλώ επικοινωνήστε με την Υπηρεσία Τηλεφωνικών Διερμηνέων στο 131450 και ζητήστε τους να επικοινωνήσουν με το 8324 0800 για εσάς χωρίς καμία χρέωση. Μπορείτε επίσης να επισκεφθείτε το γραφείο Bridge Housing και να ζητήσετε βοήθεια στη γλώσσα σας.

Vietnamese

Nếu cần người giúp để hiểu thư này xin quý vị liên hệ với Dịch Vụ Thông Ngôn Điện Thoại số 131450 và nhờ họ liên lạc với Bridge Housing qua số 8324 0800 cho quý vị một cách miễn phí. Quý vị cũng có thể đến Văn Phòng của Bridge Housing và xin giúp đỡ bằng ngôn-ngữ của quý-vị.

Arabic

إذا احتجت إلى مُساعدة في فهم هذه الرسالة رجاء الاتصال مع خدمة الترجمة الهاتفية على رقم 131450 وأطلب منهم أن يتصلوا لك بمكتب على رقم 8324 0800 بدون تكلفة عليك. ويمكنك أيضاً الحضور إلى مكتب Bridge Housing وطلب المساعدة بلغتك.